Medtronic

Coach guide

Whether they're stealing bases, darting around a soccer field, or hitting the weight room, kids with diabetes also need to keep an eye on their sugar levels when it comes to sports. This guide can help coaches and instructors understand how to spot and treat a high or low glucose during and after physical activity.



nis activity (noun) makes m		child go	(adjective).	
Some common signs of a low glucose (below 70 mg/dL) are: Lethargy, dizziness, cold sweats, lack of focus/confusion, feeling faint		Some common signs of a high glucose (above 180 mg/dL) are: Excessive thirst, frequent urination, nausea, fatigue		
I've also identified these symptoms as indicating a low glucose for my child:			I've also identified these symptoms as indicating a high glucose for my child:	
Treating a low glucose requires a snack. For my child, this means:		Treating a high glucose requires insulin. For my child, this means:		
Should my child want an a please provide the followi			·	
Check a box			·	
	d can set a temporary sensor g sical activity (for instructions, re			
My child	d can suspend and disconnect ructions, refer to page 11 of the	their pump for up to 1	hour during physical activity	
•	igh glucose and/or the sens are feeling, confirm using a	•		
			(
If you have any questions,	, you can call / text me	e at	(number).	